Written exam

Choose one answer per question. Mark your choices on the student answer sheet.

1. What qualifies someone to conduct operator evaluations under §1926.1427(f)(4)?

A. Knowledge, training and experience necessary to assess operators
B. A minimum number of hours as a signal person only
C. A crane operator card by itself
D. An equipment rental agreement

2. In what capacity must the evaluator serve?

A. As an equipment manufacturer employee
B. As an OSHA employee
C. As an independent testing organization in every case
D. As an employee or agent of the employer

3. Who remains responsible when the employer uses an outside evaluator?

A. The outside evaluator alone
B. The crane supplier
C. The employer
D. The operator alone

4. Does the federal rule prescribe an accredited examiner credential for the operator evaluator?

A. It requires a signal-person third-party card
B. It specifies evaluator competence, rather than a particular examiner credential
C. It requires a state-issued rigger license
D. It requires a national examiner card in all cases

5. Does an operator's current external certificate substitute for employer evaluation?

A. The employer still must evaluate under §1926.1427(f)
B. It substitutes if the card is current
C. It substitutes if the evaluator observed the certification test remotely
D. It substitutes for the first five years

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6. What must evaluation establish about equipment operation?

A. The operator can identify the brand
B. Safe operation of the relevant equipment, accounting for size and configuration
C. The operator can obtain a rental quote
D. The operator can list every machine at the employer

7. Which safety feature differences belong in evaluation scope?

A. Decals on the counterweight
B. Safety devices and operational aids relevant to the assigned equipment
C. The equipment supplier's telephone number
D. Seat fabric and radio station presets

8. Which additional equipment factors are relevant?

A. Software and attachments that matter to safe operation
B. Delivery and invoice numbers
C. Dealer office location
D. Cab paint color and window tint alone

9. What assigned work must the evaluator consider?

A. Only activities tested by the external certifier
B. Every lift performed by any employer
C. Hoisting activities the employer assigns to the operator
D. Only the easiest lift at the site

10. What must the evaluation show beyond routine controls use?

A. Ability to sign off engineering drawings
B. Ability to train all riggers
C. Ability to recognize and avert risk in the assigned work
D. Ability to repair every operational aid

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11. What decision supports operating other equipment on the existing evaluation?

A. The crews are the same size
B. The new machine carries a similar fleet number
C. The original evaluator knows the equipment dealer
D. Employer can demonstrate no substantially different skills, knowledge or risk-recognition abilities are required

12. A new attachment creates substantially different operating demands. What is the appropriate assignment decision?

A. Require only a new photo ID
B. Treat a verbal assurance as conclusive
C. Evaluate the operator for the different demands before independent assignment
D. Use the old evaluation solely because the carrier is the same

13. An operator is retrained on load-chart use. What must follow under §1926.1427(f)(7)?

A. Automatic renewal of external certification
B. Automatic full reevaluation on every crane the employer owns
C. No further assessment
D. Reevaluation on the subjects covered by the retraining

14. What gives direct evidence that an operator can carry out a representative assignment?

A. Observation of equipment use and decisions during a representative task
B. A copy of the attendance roster
C. A new safety vest
D. A list of previous employers

15. An operator passes a written quiz but mishandles a required operational aid during the evaluation. What evidence is still needed?

A. Only a fresh copy of the operator's card
B. No further evidence if the quiz score exceeded the course threshold
C. Demonstration of safe use for the assigned equipment
D. Only a longer written quiz

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16. Which names must appear in the evaluation record?

A. Operator and evaluator
B. Operator and rigger
C. Operator and crane supplier
D. Evaluator and certification issuer

17. Which date does the rule require in the evaluation record?

A. The operator's certification expiration date only
B. The date the crane was purchased
C. The employee's original training enrollment date
D. The evaluation date

18. How is the equipment identified on the evaluation record?

A. Color and registration plate only
B. Make, model and configuration used in the evaluation
C. Only a reference to the worksite
D. Only the equipment type

19. If another evaluation is conducted, what must the record show?

A. Only the new equipment supplier
B. Only the original evaluation
C. Only a new external credential
D. The additional evaluation

20. Where should the evaluation documentation be available under the rule?

A. Only the evaluator's personal files
B. At the worksite while the operator is employed by that employer
C. Only at the end of the project
D. Only at headquarters

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21. Can the trainer perform work that detracts from trainee monitoring while monitoring?

A. The trainer must avoid tasks that detract from monitoring
B. Yes, if radio traffic is slow
C. Yes, whenever the crane has an operational aid
D. Yes, if the trainee holds a site access card

22. What may the trainee do during a permitted short monitoring break?

A. Take a break or perform only tasks within their ability as directed
B. Perform any restricted lift planned earlier
C. Monitor another operator independently
D. Resume the most complex assignment alone

23. What does an evaluation scenario need to represent?

A. Only use of a generic simulator, regardless of assignment
B. The relevant equipment configuration and assigned hoisting activities
C. Only a review of the candidate's résumé
D. Only the crane's travel speed

24. Which observation is the strongest basis for documenting a load-chart skill gap?

A. The operator was new to the company
B. The operator used a different pencil
C. The operator asked where to find the evaluation form
D. The operator repeatedly selected the wrong chart for the actual configuration

25. What should a trial evaluation check about the evaluator?

A. Whether they can repair the crane
B. Whether they can issue an external certification card
C. Whether they identify task-specific evidence and document their decision
D. Whether they write the fastest report